




Quotation Advert

Opening Date: 2020-05-05 

Closing Date: 2020-05-12 

Closing Time: 11:00

INSTITUTION DETAILS


Institution Name: Charles James hospital (SANTA) 

Province: KwaZulu-Natal

Department or Entity: Department of Health

Division or section: Central Supply Chain Management

Place where goods / services is required CHARLES JAMES HOSPITAL

Date Submitted 2020-05-04 

ITEM CATEGORY AND DETAILS

Quotation Number: ZNQ:
31/20/21

Item Category: Select... 

Item Description: Supply of 3 Ply Reusable Cloth Masks with Elastic Ear Loops

Quantity (if supplies)

COMPULSORY BRIEFING SESSION / SITE VISIT

Select Type: Not Applicable 

Date : 

Time:

Venue:

QUOTES CAN BE COLLECTED FROM: Charles James Hospital

QUOTES SHOULD BE DELIVERED TO: Tender Box - Charles James Hospital

ENQUIRIES REGARDING THE ADVERT MAY BE DIRECTED TO:

Name: Themba Dlamini

Email: themba.dlamini@kznhealth.gov.za

Contact Number:

031 905 4222/3

Finance Manager Name:

N.T. Mkhize

Finance Manager Signature:

 _____

No late quotes will be considered

STANDARD QUOTE DOCUMENTATION OVER R30 000.00

YOU ARE HEREBY INVITED TO QUOTE FOR REQUIREMENTS AT: CHARLES JAMES HOSPITAL
DATE ADVERTISED: 05-05-2020
PHYSICAL ADDRESS: No. 6 SOMPUKANE ROAD EZIMBOKODWENI 4125

ZNQ NUMBER: 31/20/21 CLOSING DATE: 12-05-2020 CLOSING TIME: 11:00

DESCRIPTION: SUPPLY OF REUSABLE CLOTH FACE MASKS WITH ELASTIC EAR LOOP

CONTRACT PERIOD: ONCE OFF VALIDITY PERIOD 60 Days

SARS PIN: [redacted]

CENTRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE REGISTRATION (CSD) NO. [grid]

UNIQUE REGISTRATION REFERENCE [grid]

DEPOSITED IN THE QUOTE BOX SITUATED AT (STREET ADDRESS)
No. 6 SOMPUKANE ROAD EZIMBOKODWENI
4125

Bidders should ensure that quotes are delivered timeously to the correct address. If the quote is late, it will not be accepted for consideration.

The quote box is open from 08:00 to 15:30.

ALL QUOTES MUST BE SUBMITTED ON THE OFFICIAL FORMS - (NOT TO BE RE-TYPED)

THIS QUOTE IS SUBJECT TO THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY FRAMEWORK ACT AND THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2011, THE GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT (GCC) AND, IF APPLICABLE, ANY OTHER SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

THE FOLLOWING PARTICULARS MUST BE FURNISHED
(FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN YOUR QUOTE BEING DISQUALIFIED)

NAME OF BIDDER
POSTAL ADDRESS
STREET ADDRESS
TELEPHONE NUMBER CODE.....NUMBER..... FACSIMILE NUMBER CODE.....NUMBER.....
CELLPHONE NUMBER
E-MAIL ADDRESS
VAT REGISTRATION NUMBER (If VAT vendor)

HAS A B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE BEEN SUBMITTED? (SBD 6.1) YES NO

IF YES, WHO WAS THE CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY? [TICK APPLICABLE BOX]

AN ACCOUNTING OFFICER AS CONTEMPLATED IN THE CLOSE CORPORATION ACT (CCA)
A VERIFICATION AGENCY ACCREDITED BY THE SOUTH AFRICAN ACCREDITATION SYSTEM (SANAS);
A REGISTERED AUDITOR.

[A B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE/SWORN AFFIDAVIT (FOR EMEs& QSEs) MUST BE SUBMITTED IN ORDER TO QUALIFY FOR PREFERENCE POINTS FOR B-BBEE]

YES NO

ARE YOU THE ACCREDITED REPRESENTATIVE IN SOUTH AFRICA FOR THE GOODS / SERVICES / WORKS OFFERED? [IF YES ENCLOSE PROOF]

OFFICIAL PRICE PAGE FOR QUOTATIONS

SIGNATURE OF BIDDER DATE.....
 [By signing this document I hereby agree to all terms and conditions]

CAPACITY UNDER WHICH THIS QUOTE IS SIGNED.....

Item No	Quantity	Description	Brand & model	Country of manufacture	Price	
					R	c
No. 1	700	SUPPLY OF 3 PLY CLOTH MASKS				
	UNITS	MUST BE WASHABLE AND REUSABLE				
		MUST HAVE ELASYIC EAR LOOP				
		DARK CLOUR: Navy, Black, Maroon etc.				
		THE MASK MUST COVE THE MOUTH AND THE NOSE				
	NOTE:	PLEASE PROVIDE A SAMPLE WITH YOUR QUOTATION				
VALUE ADDED TAX @ 14% (Only if VAT Vendor)						
TOTAL QUOTATION PRICE (VALIDITY PERIOD 60 Days)						

Does This Offer Comply With The Specification? Is The Price Firm?		Does The Article Conform To The S.A.N.S. / S.A.B.S. Specification? State Delivery Period E.G. E.G. 1day, 1week	
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Enquiries regarding the quote may be directed to: Contact Person: <u>THEMBA DLAMINI</u> Tel: <u>0319054222/3</u>	Enquiries regarding technical information may be directed to: Contact Person: <u>SIYABONGA NTULI</u> Tel: <u>0319054222/5</u>
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DECLARATION OF INTEREST

1. Any legal person, including persons employed by the state¹, or persons having a kinship with persons employed by the state, including a blood relationship, may make an offer or offers in terms of this invitation to quote (includes a price quotation, advertised competitive quote, limited quote or proposal). In view of possible allegations of favouritism, should the resulting quote, or part thereof, be awarded to persons employed by the state, or to persons connected with or related to them, it is required that the bidder or his/her authorised representative declare his/her position in relation to the evaluating/adjudicating authority where-
 - the bidder is employed by the state; and/or
 - the legal person on whose behalf the bidding document is signed, has a relationship with persons/a person who are/is involved in the evaluation and or adjudication of the quote(s), or where it is known that such a relationship exists between the person or persons for or on whose behalf the declarant acts and persons who are involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of the quote.
2. In order to give effect to the above, the following questionnaire must be completed and submitted with the quote.

- 2.1. Full Name of bidder/representative..... 2.4. Company Registration Number:
- 2.2. Identity Number: 2.5. Tax Reference Number:
- 2.3. Position occupied in the Company (director, trustee, shareholder²):..... 2.6. VAT Registration Number:

2.7. The names of all directors / trustees / shareholders / members, their individual identity numbers, tax reference numbers and, if applicable, employee / persal numbers must be indicated in paragraph 3 below. [TICK APPLICABLE]

2.8. Are you or any person connected with the bidder presently employed by the state? YES NO

2.8.1. If so, furnish the following particulars:
 Name of person / director / trustee / shareholder/ member:
 Name of state institution at which you or the person connected to the bidder is employed:.....
 Position occupied in the state institution:Any other particulars:.....

2.8.2. If you are presently employed by the state, did you obtain the appropriate authority to undertake remunerative work outside employment in the public sector? YES NO

2.8.2.1. If yes, did you attach proof of such authority to the quote document?

(Note: Failure to submit proof of such authority, where applicable, may result in the disqualification of the quote.)

2.8.2.2. If no, furnish reasons for non-submission of such proof:

2.9. Did you or your spouse, or any of the company's directors / trustees / shareholders / members or their spouses conduct business with the state in the previous twelve months? YES NO

2.9.1. If so, furnish particulars:.....

2.10. Do you, or any person connected with the bidder, have any relationship (family, friend, other) with a person employed by the state and who may be involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of this quote? YES NO

2.10.1. If so, furnish particulars:.....

2.11. Are you, or any person connected with the bidder, aware of any relationship (family, friend, other) between any other bidder and any person employed by the state who may be involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of this quote? YES NO

2.11.1. If so, furnish particulars:.....

2.12. Do you or any of the directors / trustees / shareholders / members of the company have any interest in any other related companies whether or not they are bidding for this contract? YES NO

2.12.1. If so, furnish particulars:.....

3. Full details of directors / trustees / members / shareholders.

NB: The Department Of Health will validate details of directors / trustees / members / shareholders on CSD. It is the suppliers' responsibility to ensure that their details are up-to-date and verified on CSD. If the Department cannot validate the information on CSD, the quote will not be considered and passed over as non-compliant according to National Treasury Instruction Note 4 (a) 2016/17.

4 DECLARATION

I, THE UNDERSIGNED (NAME).....CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION FURNISHED IN PARAGRAPHS 2.

I ACCEPT THAT THE STATE MAY REJECT THE QUOTE OR ACT AGAINST ME SHOULD THIS DECLARATION PROVE TO BE FALSE.

.....
 Name of bidder Signature Position Date

¹"State" means –

- a) any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);
- b) any municipality or municipal entity;
- c) provincial legislature;
- d) national Assembly or the national Council of provinces; or
- e) Parliament.

²"Shareholder" means a person who owns shares in the company and is actively involved in the management of the enterprise or business and exercises control over the enterprise.

SPECIAL CONTRACT CONDITIONS OF QUOTATIONS

1. AMENDMENT OF CONTRACT

1.1. Any amendment to or renunciation of the provisions of the contract shall at all times be done in writing and shall be signed by both parties.

2. CHANGE OF ADDRESS

2.1. Bidders must advise the Department of Health (institution where the offer was submitted) should their address (*domicilium citandi et executandi*) details change from the time of bidding to the expiry of the contract.

3. GENERAL CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO THIS QUOTATION

- 3.1. The institution is under no obligation to accept the lowest or any quote.
- 3.2. The price quoted must include VAT (if VAT vendor). However, it must be noted that the department reserves the right to evaluate all quotations excluding VAT as some bidders may not be VAT vendors.
- 3.3. The bidder must ensure the correctness & validity of quote:
 - (i) *that the price(s), rate(s) & preference quoted cover all for the work/item (s) & accept that any mistakes regarding the price (s) & calculations will be at the bidder's risk*
- 3.4. The bidder must accept full responsibility for the proper execution & fulfilment of all obligations conditions devolving on under this agreement, as the Principal (s) liable for the due fulfilment of this contract.
- 3.5. This quotation will be evaluated based on the 80/20 points system, specification & correctness of information. All required documentation must be completed in full and submitted.
- 3.6. Offers must comply strictly with the specification.
- 3.7. Only offers that meet or are greater than the specification will be considered.
- 3.8. Late quotes will not be considered.
- 3.9. Expired product/s will not be accepted. All products supplied must be valid for a minimum period of six months.
- 3.10. A bidder not registered on the Central Suppliers Database or verification has failed will not be considered.
- 3.11. All delivery costs must be included in the quote price, for delivery at the prescribed destination.
- 3.12. Only firm prices will be accepted. Such prices must remain firm for the contract period. Non-firm prices (including rates of exchange variations) will not be considered.
- 3.13. In cases where different delivery points influence the pricing, a separate pricing schedule must be submitted for each delivery point.
- 3.14. In the event of a bidder having multiple quotes, only the cheapest according to specification will be considered. Furthermore a verification will be done to identify if bidders have multiple companies and are quoting (cover-quoting) for this bid. In such instances only the cheapest bid according to specification will be considered.

4. SAMPLES

- 4.1. In the case of the quote document stipulating that samples are required, the supplier will be informed in due course when samples should be provided to the institution. (This decreases the time of safety and storage risk that may be incurred by the respective institution). The bidders sample will be retained if such bidder wins the contract.
 - (i) If a company/s who has not won the quote requires their samples, they must advise the institution in writing of such.
 - (ii) If samples are not collected within three months of close of quote the institution reserves the right to dispose of them at their discretion.
- 4.2. **Samples must be made available when requested in writing or if stipulated on the document.**
 - (i) If a Bidder fails to provide a sample of their product on offer for scrutiny against the set specification when requested, their offer will be rejected. All testing will be for the account of the bidder.

5. COMPULSORY SITE INSPECTION / BRIEFING SESSION

5.1. Bidders who fail to attend the compulsory meeting will be disqualified from the evaluation process.

- (i) The institution has determined that a compulsory site meeting NO take place
- (ii) Date _____ / _____ / _____ Time _____ : _____ Place _____

Institution Stamp:	Institution Site Inspection / briefing session Official Full Name: Signature: Date:
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6. STATEMENT OF SUPPLIES AND SERVICES

- 6.1. The contractor shall, when requested to do so, furnish particulars of supplies delivered or services executed. If he/she fails to do so, the Department may, without prejudice to any other rights which it may have, institute inquiries at the expense of the contractor to obtain the required particulars.

7. SUBMISSION AND COMPLETION OF SBD 6.1

- 7.1. Should a bidder wish to qualify for preference points they must complete a SBD 6.1 document. Failure by a bidder to provide all relevant information required, will result in such a bidder not being considered for preference point's allocation. The preferences applicable on the closing date will be utilized. Any changes after the closing date will not be considered for that particular quote.

8. TAX COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 8.1. In the event that the tax compliance status has failed on CSD, *it is the suppliers' responsibility to provide a SARS pin in order for the institution to validate the tax compliance status of the supplier.*
- 8.2. In the event that the institution cannot validate the suppliers' tax clearance on SARS as well as the Central Suppliers Database, *the quote will not be considered and passed over as non-compliant according to National Treasury Instruction Note 4 (a) 2016/17.*

9. TAX INVOICE

- 9.1. A tax invoice shall be in the currency of the Republic of South Africa and shall contain the following particulars:

- (i) the name, address and registration number of the supplier;
- (ii) the name and address of the recipient;
- (iii) an individual serialized number and the date upon which the tax invoice is issued;
- (iv) a description and quantity or volume of the goods or services supplied;
- (v) the official department order number issued to the supplier;
- (vi) the value of the supply, the amount of tax charged;
- (vii) the words tax invoice in a prominent place.

10. PATENT RIGHTS

- 10.1. The supplier shall indemnify the **KZN Department of Health** (hereafter known as the purchaser) against all third-party claims of infringement of patent, trademark, or industrial design rights arising from use of the goods or any part thereof by the purchaser.

11. PENALTIES

- 11.1. If the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods or to perform the services within the period(s) specified in the contract, the purchaser shall, without prejudice to its other remedies under the contract, deduct from the contract price, as a penalty, a sum calculated on the delivered price of the delayed goods or unperformed services using the current prime interest rate calculated for each day of the delay until actual delivery or performance. The purchaser may also consider termination of the contract.

12. TERMINATION FOR DEFAULT

- 12.1. The purchaser, without prejudice to any other remedy for breach of contract, by written notice of default sent to the supplier, may terminate this contract in whole or in part:
- (i) if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods within the period(s) specified in the contract,
 - (ii) if the supplier fails to perform any other obligation(s) under the contract; or
 - (iii) if the supplier, in the judgment of the purchaser, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the contract.
- 12.2. In the event the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may procure, upon such terms and in such manner as it deems appropriate, goods, works or services similar to those undelivered, and the supplier shall be liable to the purchaser for any excess costs for such similar goods, works or services.
- 12.3. Where the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may decide to impose a restriction penalty on the supplier by prohibiting such supplier from doing business with the public sector for a period not exceeding 10 years.

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ABOVE WILL RESULT IN YOUR QUOTE BEING PASSED OVER.

PREFERENCE POINTS CLAIM FORM IN TERMS OF THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS 2017

This preference form must form part of all quotes invited. It contains general information and serves as a claim form for preference points for Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) Status Level of Contribution

NB: BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM, BIDDERS MUST STUDY THE GENERAL CONDITIONS, DEFINITIONS AND DIRECTIVES APPLICABLE IN RESPECT OF B-BBEE, AS PRESCRIBED IN THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2017.

1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 The following preference point systems are applicable to all quotes:

- the 80/20 system for requirements with a Rand value of up to R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included); and

1.2 The value of this quote is estimated to not exceed R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included) and therefore the 80/20 preference point system shall be applicable.

1.3 Points for this quote shall be awarded for:

- (a) Price; and
- (b) B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor.

1.4 The maximum points for this quote is allocated as follows:

	POINTS
PRICE	80
B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTOR	20
Total points for Price and B-BBEE must not exceed	100

1.5 Failure on the part of a bidder to submit proof of B-BBEE Status level of contributor together with the quote, will be interpreted to mean that preference points for B-BBEE status level of contribution are not claimed.

1.6 The purchaser reserves the right to require of a bidder, either before a quote is adjudicated or at any time subsequently, to substantiate any claim in regard to preferences, in any manner required by the purchaser.

2. DEFINITIONS

- (a) "B-BBEE" means broad-based black economic empowerment as defined in section 1 of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (b) "B-BBEE status level of contributor" means the B-BBEE status of an entity in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment, issued in terms of section 9(1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (c) "bid" means a written offer in a prescribed or stipulated form in response to an invitation by an organ of state for the provision of goods or services, through price quotations, advertised competitive bidding processes or proposals;
- (d) "Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act" means the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 (Act No. 53 of 2003);
- (e) "EME" means an Exempted Micro Enterprise in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of section 9 (1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (f) "functionality" means the ability of a tenderer to provide goods or services in accordance with specifications as set out in the tender documents.
- (g) "prices" includes all applicable taxes less all unconditional discounts;
- (h) "proof of B-BBEE status level of contributor" means:
 - 1) B-BBEE Status level certificate issued by an authorized body or person;
 - 2) A sworn affidavit as prescribed by the B-BBEE Codes of Good Practice;
 - 3) Any other requirement prescribed in terms of the B-BBEE Act;
- (i) "QSE" means a qualifying small business enterprise in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of section 9 (1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (j) "rand value" means the total estimated value of a contract in Rand, calculated at the time of bid invitation, and includes all applicable taxes;

3. POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE

3.1 THE 80/20 PREFERENCE POINT SYSTEMS

A maximum of 80 points is allocated for price on the following basis:

$$Ps = 80 \left(1 - \frac{Pt - P \text{ min}}{P \text{ min}} \right) \text{ Where}$$

- Ps = Points scored for price of bid under consideration
- Pt = Price of bid under consideration
- Pmin = Price of lowest acceptable bid

4. POINTS AWARDED FOR B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTOR

4.1 In terms of Regulation 6 (2) and 7 (2) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, preference points must be awarded to a bidder for attaining the B-BBEE status level of contribution in accordance with the table below:

B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor	Number of points (80/20 system)
1	20
2	18
3	14
4	12
5	8
6	6
7	4
8	2
Non-compliant contributor	0

5. BID DECLARATION

5.1 Bidders who claim points in respect of B-BBEE Status Level of Contribution must complete the following:

6. B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTOR CLAIMED IN TERMS OF PARAGRAPHS 1.4 AND 4.1

6.1 B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor: =(maximum of 20 points)

(Points claimed in respect of paragraph 7.1 must be in accordance with the table reflected in paragraph 4.1 and must be substantiated by relevant proof of B-BBEE status level of contributor.

7. SUB-CONTRACTING

(Tick applicable box)

7.1 Will any portion of the contract be sub-contracted?

YES	<input type="checkbox"/>	NO	<input type="checkbox"/>
-----	--------------------------	----	--------------------------

7.1.1 If yes, indicate:

- i) What percentage of the contract will be subcontracted.....%
- ii) The name of the sub-contractor.....
- iii) The B-BBEE status level of the sub-contractor.....

8. Whether the sub-contractor is an EME or QSE

(Tick applicable box)

iv) Specify, by ticking the appropriate box, if subcontracting with an enterprise in terms of Preferential Procurement Regulations,2017:

YES	<input type="checkbox"/>	NO	<input type="checkbox"/>
-----	--------------------------	----	--------------------------

Designated Group: An EME or QSE which is at least 51% owned by:	EME √	QSE √
Black people		
Black people who are youth		
Black people who are women		
Black people with disabilities		
Black people living in rural or underdeveloped areas or townships		
Cooperative owned by black people		
Black people who are military veterans		
OR		
Any EME		
Any QSE		

9. DECLARATION WITH REGARD TO COMPANY/FIRM

9.1 Name of company/firm:.....

9.2 VAT registration number:.....

9.3 Company registration number:.....

9.4 TYPE OF COMPANY/ FIRM [TICK APPLICABLE BOX]

- Partnership/Joint Venture / Consortium
- One person business/sole propriety
- Close corporation
- Company
- (Pty) Limited

9.5 DESCRIBE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

.....
.....

9.6 COMPANY CLASSIFICATION [TICK APPLICABLE BOX]

- Manufacturer
- Supplier
- Professional service provider
- Other service providers, e.g. transporter, etc.

9.7 Total number of years the company/firm has been in business:.....

9.8 I/we, the undersigned, who is / are duly authorised to do so on behalf of the company/firm, certify that the points claimed, based on the B-BBE status level of contributor indicated in paragraphs 1.4 and 6.1 of the foregoing certificate, qualifies the company/ firm for the preference(s) shown and I / we acknowledge that:

- i) The information furnished is true and correct;
- ii) The preference points claimed are in accordance with the General Conditions as indicated in paragraph 1 of this form;
- iii) In the event of a contract being awarded as a result of points claimed as shown in paragraphs 1.4 and 6.1, the contractor may be required to furnish documentary proof to the satisfaction of the purchaser that the claims are correct;
- iv) If the B-BBEE status level of contributor has been claimed or obtained on a fraudulent basis or any of the conditions of contract have not been fulfilled, the purchaser may, in addition to any other remedy it may have –
 - (a) disqualify the person from the bidding process;
 - (b) recover costs, losses or damages it has incurred or suffered as a result of that person's conduct;
 - (c) cancel the contract and claim any damages which it has suffered as a result of having to make less favourable arrangements due to such cancellation;
 - (d) recommend that the bidder or contractor, its shareholders and directors, or only the shareholders and directors who acted on a fraudulent basis, be restricted by the National Treasury from obtaining business from any organ of state for a period not exceeding 10 years, after the *audi alteram partem* (hear the other side) rule has been applied; and
 - (e) forward the matter for criminal prosecution.

WITNESSES
1.
2.

..... SIGNATURE(S) OF BIDDERS(S)
DATE:
ADDRESS.....

CHARLES JAMES HOSPITAL

SAMPLE PICTURES FOR CLOTH SURGICAL FACE MASKS – Reusable & Washable

ZNQ: 31/20/21



CONTOUR FIT FACE MASK





trade, industry & competition

Department:
Trade, Industry and Competition
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Recommended Guidelines – updated

Fabric Face Masks

Manufactured by South Africa's

Clothing and Textile Manufacturing Industry for General Public Use

Friday, 24 April 2020

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1 Overview

A 'fabric/cloth' face mask (non-medical mask) for the general public is only part of a broader solution to curb the spread of COVID-19¹ and it must always be used in combination with other hygienic methods of prevention². Such masks are not a replacement for other recommended precautionary measures. They should not provide a false sense of protection that lead to a lapse in the application of proper preventative measures like personal hand hygiene, respiratory hygiene and physical (social) distancing. Furthermore the design of fabric masks should be mindful of the thermo-physiological properties of fabrics which, if wrongly chosen, can lead to problems like skin irritation, the build-up of heat or moisture, or the incubation of bacteria etc, and may cause wearers to take off masks in situations when they should otherwise be wearing them. There has been much debate globally about the use of face masks for non-Health Care Professionals (non-HCP) during the Covid-19 pandemic. There is agreement in the recommendations that symptomatic individuals and those in healthcare settings should use face masks. But discrepancies and mixed messages exist in relation to the wearing of masks by the general public. By refining some of the lessons from various sources, it is possible to arrive at a set of interim guidelines for the use of masks by the general public in South Africa.

It is the intention of this document to distil these guidelines into a set of recommendations for the South African clothing and textile industry when making masks for use by the general public. These recommendations serve as suggested guidelines. They have been developed through engagements with publicly available research and recommendations from authorities like the World Health Organisation³ (WHO) as well as through insights provided by colleagues from the University of Stellenbosch⁴ (Dept of Chemistry and Polymer Science), University of Witwatersrand⁵ (School of Public Health, Industry Specialists⁶, the Southern African Clothing Textile and Workers Union⁷ (SACTWU), staff at the National Department of Health and the Department of Trade, Industry, and Competition⁹.

¹ <https://www.nicd.ac.za/diseases-a-z-index/covid-19/frequently-asked-questions/>

² <https://www.nicd.ac.za/diseases-a-z-index/covid-19/covid-19-prevention/>

³ <https://www.who.int/>

⁴ Ms. Adine Gericke, Department of Chemistry and Polymer Science, University of Stellenbosch:
<http://academic.sun.ac.za/polymer/agcv.html>

⁵ Dr. Moreshnee Govender, <https://www.wits.ac.za/staff/academic-a-z-listing/g/moreshneegovenderwitsacza/> : the School of Public Health, University of the Witwatersrand

⁶ Sma Ngcamu-Tukulula, Mr. Rob Stewart and Mr. Kyle Ballard.

⁷ www.sactwu.org.za

⁸ <http://www.health.gov.za/>

⁹ <http://www.dti.gov.za/>

Fabric or 'cloth masks' do not fall in the same category as surgical or medical masks. Fabric/Cloth masks cannot prevent the risk of contracting the virus in aerosol form (as found in a contaminated atmosphere) since this requires the presence of very fine and highly specialised filters capable of trapping microscopic viral particles. **The shortage of medical grade masks globally and in South Africa means members of the public should not use these critical resources at the expense of frontline health workers.** In this context, and given that evidence indicates that the virus appears to largely exit through the mouth of an infected individual in droplet form (during talking, coughing or sneezing) it is believed that if the fabrics and filters used in the manufacture of cloth masks are chosen suitably and designed to fit users accordingly, these masks can play an important role in reducing the community transmission of the virus and offer some degree of protection for the user. They further appear to lower the risk of contracting the virus from contaminated surfaces by acting as a barrier to touching one's face. The function of such public masks may be enhanced or impeded by the usability of the design and the combination of products, although it is also believed that any mask may be better than not wearing a mask.

2 SA's Localisation Objectives

- ⇒ In line with the Republic of South Africa's Industrial Policy Acton Plan¹⁰ (IPAP) and the Clothing, Textile, Footwear and Leather (CTFL) Master Plan's policy objectives it is highly recommended that manufacturers source textiles made locally, by local manufacturers, when making fabric/cloth face masks.
- ⇒ All textile/fabric quality recommendations for making fabric face masks, found within this document, are qualities found in textiles that are locally made in the Republic of South Africa.
- ⇒ It is imperative that fabric/cloth face mask manufacturers ensure that efforts to manufacturer masks are done within the boarder context of supporting South Africa's Clothing and Textile Industry, and our government's efforts to ensure localisation of value-chains and boarder economic prosperity – in keeping with our country's developmental objectives and Industrial Policy.
- ⇒ A list of local textile manufacturers is found in the Appendix A of this document.

¹⁰ http://www.dti.gov.za/industrial_development/industrial_development.jsp

3 Basic Performance Requirements of Fabric/Cloth Face Masks

- a) The performance of fabric/cloth face masks varies greatly with the shape and fit of the mask¹¹ as well as the fabric structural properties and number of layers.¹²
- b) The objective of a fabric face mask is to act as a physical barrier to extremely small droplets generally upwards of **5 microns in size** secreted during talking, sneezing or coughing (WHO 29/4/2020).
- c) The higher the performance of the mask with regard to barrier efficiency the better.
- d) Masks must be breathable.
 - i. Should the mask prevent one from breathing easily, this will present a serious danger to the health of the wearer - not only from becoming oxygen deprived but also because the mask will promote risky behavior like the need to touch the face and remove or adjust the mask during wear, increasing the risk of transmission of the virus.
- e) Masks must be designed to fit properly and be comfortable to wear.
 - i. Mask style and design features will contribute to user fit which should follow closely the contours of the face especially around the nose bridge and under the chin to reduce leakage out and into the mask.
- f) Mask style and design features will contribute to user fit which should follow closely the contours of the face especially around the nose bridge and under the chin to reduce leakage out and into the mask.
- g) Cleaning and disinfection of all the components should be easy to carry out at home.
- h) All components should be durable and should maintain their integrity during the full expected life span of the product or components.
- i) All masks should be accompanied by instructions clearly explaining how it should be worn and cared for what the limitations of a mask are and when the mask or its components must be replaced.

¹¹ Shakya, Kabindra M.; Noyes, Alyssa; Kallin, Randa; Peltier, Richard E. (May 1, 2017). "Evaluating the efficacy of cloth facemasks in reducing particulate matter exposure"(PDF). Journal of Exposure Science & Environmental Epidemiology.

¹² Chughtai, Abrar Ahmad; Seale, Holly; MacIntyre, Chandini Raina (June 19, 2013). "Use of cloth masks in the practice of infection control – evidence and policy gaps". International Journal of Infection Control.

4 Fabric Selection for Fabric Masks

- a) Tests have shown that at **least two layers** of fabric is are sufficient for balancing performance and comfort (as indicated above).
 - b) An increase in the number of layers will improve the barrier efficiency, but have the opposite effect on breathability.
 - c) **Using three layers, selecting a non-woven (or similar) fabric with strong filtering capability (barrier efficiency) as the middle layer (with the accompanying inner and outer layers providing comfort, structure, and some additional protection) is recommended.**
- a) Ideally this middle layer (filter) should be inserted into the mask (or removed) via an 'envelope' style design to allow for improved cleaning and easy replacement filters when worn out.
 - b) It is recommended that the pocket into which it fits be at least 120 mm by 100 mm to ensure compatibility between multiple masks and filters in production domestically.
 - c) Clear markings or design options must be used to distinguish between the outside of the mask and the inside of the mask.

4.1 Guidelines for Fabric Selection

4.1.1 Inner Layer (next to face)

- a) The main purpose of this layer is to provide a smooth, soft, pleasant feel against the skin.
- b) The fabric should not irritate the skin in any way or allow the build-up of moisture or excessive heat in between the skin and the mask.
- c) Avoid water repellent fabric that inhibit the absorption of droplets. It must not wet easily or accumulate excessive moisture with breathing.
- d) The fabric should have very high air permeability and should not restrict normal breathing.
- e) Synthetic fibres are recommended for quick drying properties.
- f) If cotton, poly-cotton or viscose are used, care should be taken as these fabrics can be highly water absorbent and might become wet against the skin. They can also impact on heat generation, potential fibre/fluff shedding and drying time after washing.

- g) Options: Plain weaves (lightweight, low count), warp knit polyester 'mesh'; lightweight single jersey, spunbond nonwovens (providing air permeability is high and fabric is washable)

4.1.2 Middle Layer (optional filter layer)

- a) **The primary function of this layer is to trap or stop particles 5 micron and larger.**
- b) It should have a **barrier efficiency of at least 75%.**
- c) Filter fabric should not restrict air permeability or impede on the air permeability of the completed mask.
- d) It is suggested that the filter fabric should not block > 25 % of airflow through the fabric.
- e) Filter fabric should not shed fibres or disintegrate with use in any way, causing potential of fibre inhalation or failure to filter.
- f) It should not add or create unnecessary heat load.
- g) Filter should be replaceable via a pouch between inner and outer layer of mask (envelope).
- h) It must be possible to disinfect filter daily or wash with hot water [Minimum filter size 100mm x 120mmm]
- i) Ideal product – non-woven or similarly performing fabric that meets the recommended requirements.

4.1.3 Outer Layer (faces outwards)

- a) This layer can be woven, warp- knitted or made from a suitable nonwoven fabric.
- b) Fabrics should not allow liquids to move through them.
- c) Hydrophobic or water repellent properties are recommended to prevent wetting from external sources and improve soil repellence.
- d) Fabrics should not restrict normal breathing.
- e) Care should be taken that this layer does not ruin the breathability of the mask
- f) Fabric choice should be suitable for the design of the mask - some designs may require a firmer fabric while others may require fabrics with more drape.
- g) A firm finish will prevent the mask from collapsing with breathing.
- h) Outer and inner layers can potentially be of the same fabric.

4.1.4 General Remarks

- a) Fabrics should not contain any toxic chemicals or excessive lint (especially the inner layer).
- b) The outward facing and inward facing of the mask must be clearly distinguished.
- c) **A new prototype can be easily tested for comfort by wearing it for at least 30 minutes.**
- d) Disinfection of all the components should be easy to carry out at home and components must not deteriorate with use/cleaning.
- e) Fabrics should be able to resist washing in hot water – not easily damaged.
- f) Components that are not removable should be resistant to at least 100 wash cycles.
- g) It must be ensured that proper airflow is achieved when all the layers are combined.
- h) One component with poor air permeability can cause a total failure in breathability
- i) **NOTE: If a filter layer is not used, the combination of the two layers must provide a 5 micron particle barrier efficiency of at least 75%.**

5 Designs for Fabric Masks

- a) Mask style and design features will contribute to user fit and should follow closely the contours of the face especially around the nose bridge and under the chin to reduce leakage out and into the mask.
- b) A wire insert, in middle of the mask that sits over the nose bridge area of mask, will allow the user to mould the shape of the mask around the nose bridge for a closer fit.
- c) Comfortable elastic bands/or cloth tie-straps of adequate size and shape for attachment either around the ears or the head should **facilitate comfortable fit.**
- d) Further adjustments to the dimension of this elastic/cloth tie-straps will enhance fit for more users permitting flexibility in the adjustment.
- e) The ties or elastics used to fit the mask to the face should not be designed to require that the wearer touches the front of the mask at all.
- f) Masks should be comfortable to wear. Fabrics selection should consider performance properties such as moisture management and thermal discomfort (guideline for fabric selection 4.1 above).
- g) Discomfort will undermine one's health by promoting the need to touch the face and remove or adjust the mask during wear.
- h) Bearing in mind that different fabric constructions and innovations allow for different properties and functions, there is merit in a mask designed from at **least two layers of**

suitable fabric or three layers of such fabric (two layers plus an extra third barrier/filtration layer in the centre).

- i) Masks must be designed to fit properly, ideally covering at least 50% of the length of the nose and fit to 25mm under the chin.
 - a. A guideline for the adult size of pleated mask designs is 180mm for the width and 160mm for the length (maximum unpeated length).
- j) Additionally, manufacturers should indicate sizing of masks:
 - i. Adults: S/M/L/XL
 - ii. Children: S/M/L
- k) Children sizes can be considered by downsizing the adult sizes until further anthropometric data is available to guide a more informed decision.
- l) The suggested size for the removable filter is 120 x 100 mm.
- m) The dimension for a simple pleated masks design is illustrated below:



- j) It is useful to provide markings or features that help the wearer to distinguish between the inner layer and outer layer of the mask in order to prevent wearers from placing the wrong side against their faces.
- k) **Special needs may arise within some groups of society** (such as hearing-impaired individuals who rely on lip reading) whose needs should also be considered when making masks.
- l) Other users such as children and those wearing spectacles should also be considered.
- m) Fabric Face Masks for different seasons and climates must also be considered.
- n) When adjusting to climate and seasonal needs, the fabric used should follow recommended guidelines – adjustments must not compromise fabric functionality as described in the guidelines.

6 Instructions for Using Fabric Masks

- a) Clear instructions should be provided to consumers about the capabilities and limitations of masks.
- b) At the very least guidance should be given that when re-usable fabric masks are worn:
- c) They do not constitute medical PPE nor are they a replacement for normal precautionary hygienic measures such as handwashing, not touching one's face, coughing or sneezing into a tissue or elbow and keeping a proper social distance of 1,5m from other people.
- d) The wearer should ensure the masks have been appropriately washed and disinfected before use
- e) Clear instructions must be provided around the proper protocol for wearing masks, including at a minimum that wearers should avoid touching the mask during use and that when putting on or taking off the mask, one's hands must have been cleansed after practicing appropriate hand hygiene;
- f) That re-usable masks or the components used within the masks may need to be replaced if they are damaged or worn out, or if they have exceeded their lifespans or use; and
- g) **That children should be supervised at all times when using a cloth mask**, and they are not recommended for infants who may struggle to breathe with a mask or even choke if they put parts in their mouths.
- h) **A user-guide MUST be supplied with a mask on how to wear and how to care for it.**
- i) A fabric face masks should generally not to be used by Health workers, working in a health care environment.

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7 Appendix A: Reference List of Local Textile Manufacturers.

Reference list of local manufacturers of nonwoven and woven textiles and elastics for inputs for fabric face masks for the public¹³.

7.1 Manufacturers of Nonwoven Textiles

Company	Key contacts	Province	Category/ies	Product/s that your company can offer clothing manufacturers for making masks, and practical description of how your product/s assist in protection
Beier Envirotec	Posh Moodley: 083 708 5378 pmoodley@beier.co.za	KZN	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: needle punched nonwovens. Can be used as the outer layer of masks. Their nonwovens provide dust loading capacity, comfort and a level of filtration and mouldability.
Brits Nonwovens	Dicky Coetzee: 082 901 4117 dicky.coetzee@brits.co.za	KZN	Filters	Manufacturer of: Polypropylene/polyester combination filters. Can be used as filter in the middle of two layers of fabric. Can produce 50m per month
Feltex Nonwovens	Robert Gooch: 082 905 9958 robertg@feltex.co.za John Mauer: 082 909 4402 Johnm@feltex.co.za	KZN	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: needle punched nonwovens. Could be used as inner or outer layer of masks. At the moment they do not supply products outside of the automotive industry, but they would be happy to work with mask manufacturers to try and meet the standards required for face masks.
Fibertex	Sefton Fripp: 082 903 6714 SEFR@fibertex.com Clive Hitchcock: 076 413 0899 cahi@fibertex.com	KZN	Filters	Manufacturer of: nonwovens and nanofiber treated products. Can be used as inner or middle (filter) fabrics and media. Functions include moulding support, particulate efficiency layers and barriers. Their adhetex product is made from PET/ PVDF fine fibres is a nano material most commonly used in High-Energy Particulate Arresting (HEPA) filters for masks, A/C units, automotive components and domestic filters i.e. vacuum cleaners. Their breathetex product is made from

¹³ This list is subject to available information and will be updated regularly. Please monitor the DTIC's website periodically for updates.

				polyester and is one of the components in FFP1 & 2 masks where it is used to mould and shape the masks. It sits adjacent to the melt-blown and outer spunbond layer
Filtafelt	Anil Chandran: 076 170 0702 Anil@iffgroup.com	Gauteng	Fabrics & Filters	<p>Manufacturer of: nonwovens that can be used as outer and inner layer of masks, and filters.</p> <p>Their 200 gram/m² weight, 300 gram/m² weight and 400 gram/m² weight Polypropylene nonwoven may be used to manufacture masks.</p>
Freudenberg Nonwovens	Fiona Shaw: 083 658 4095 Fiona.Shaw@freudenberg-pm.com	W. Cape	Fabrics & Filters	<p>Manufacturer of: nonwovens that can be used as outer and inner layer of masks, and filters.</p> <p>They can produce a dense polyester nonwoven filter layer, as well as hydrophobic and hydrophilic nonwovens as necessary.</p>
Inno Textiles	Oliver Wilhelm: 082 440 7021 oliver@innotextiles.co.za	KZN	Filters	<p>Manufacturer of: nonwoven fabric for outer or inner layer of mask and middle filter.</p> <p>They produce needled and heat-set or calendered filter media manufactured from 100% polyester in weight ranges from 120g/m² and up. Their products can be moulded, sewn or welded to make masks. Media could be used as the middle layer of a three layer mask, or if they produce a slightly heavier media at about 200g/m², this might be used for manufacturing a single layer mask. Can produce 5000m per day if required.</p>
Romatex Home Textiles	Helmut Höck, +27 (82) 566 7522 , +27 (21) 933 9800, helmuth@romatex.co.za	KZN & Western Cape		<p>Manufacturer of: nonwoven fabric that can be used as the filler (middle layer) or the outer layer in a multi-layered mask.</p> <p>They manufacture 100% polyester non-allergenic non-woven fabric.</p>

<p>Spunchem</p>	<p>Gary Sweeney: 082 652 0463 garys@spunchem.co.za</p> <p>Thokozani Mbhamali thokozanim@spunchem.co.za</p> <p>Sandy Stewart: 074 999 7009 sandys@spunchem.co.za</p>	<p>KZN</p>	<p>Fabrics & Filters</p>	<p>Manufacturer of: nonwoven fabrics. Can be used as inner and outer layers, as well as middle filter.</p> <p>Spunbond can be produced to any gsm and can be used as a highly breathable outer and inner layer. Standard meltblown is produced to 25gsm to 50gsm and can be used as a middle layer filter. It has medium bacterial filtration properties and is breathable. They are in the process of developing electrostatic meltblown which can be used as a middle layer and forms a viable anti-viral filter.</p>
<p>Vitafoam</p>	<p>Aldrin John: 083 795 1085 aldrin.john@vitafoam.co.za</p> <p>Loren van Jaarsveld loren.vanjaarsveldt@vitafoam.co.za</p> <p>Johan Booysen johan.booyesen@vitafoam.co.za</p>	<p>Gauteng</p>	<p>Fabrics & Filters</p>	<p>Manufacturer of: nonwoven fabric and nonwoven filters.</p> <p>Can be used for inner or outer layer (highly breathable hydrophobic spunbond of any gsm), and middle filter (presently running tests of whether their flexible polyurethane foam 4mm low density can be used as a filter)</p>

7.2 Manufacturers of Woven Textiles

Company	Key contacts	Province	Category/ies	Product/s that your company can offer clothing manufacturers for making masks, and practical description of how your product/s assist in protection
Aunde Tap	Sean Kennedy: 083 615 0298 sean.kennedy@aunde.co.za	KZN	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: Woven and warpknit 100% polyester fabrics. Can be used as the outer layers for masks.
Da Gama Textiles	Kelvyn Breetzke: 083 297 1485 kbreetzke@cowie.co.za	E. Cape	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: cotton and polycotton woven fabrics. Can be utilised as the inner and outer layer of the mask</p> <p>Specifically supply: (1) CC484 (P48): 100% cotton sheeting, tight weave and can withstand high temp wash; (2) PCS7: 50/50 poly/cott sheeting, tight weave and can withstand high temp wash; (3) FT3: 100% cotton winter sheeting Flannel, comfort and tight weave; and (4) CI54 (J54): 100% cotton twill excellent for outside layers, strong and tightly woven, would be able to last many washes</p>
Deslee Mattex	<p>Michael Borcherds 082 441 7305 michaelb@desleemattex.co.za</p> <p>Larry Unterhalter 082 447 4091 larryu@desleemattex.co.za</p>	W. Cape	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: Woven fabrics of Polyester, Polypropylene, Viscose and cotton. Their fabric can be utilized as both the inner and outer layers of the mask.</p> <p>Fabrics have the following properties: hydrophobic; breathable; washable; and do not contain toxic chemicals. Utilize high density yarns and can customize the fabrics pick count to ensure a pore size of 5 micron or less as per the guidelines. Capable of applying an antimicrobial and antibacterial finish to the woven fabrics which would also assist in reducing infection..</p> <p>Able to produce 21 000 meters of woven fabric per day. .</p>
Finlam Textiles	Janice Roberts: 084 083 0404 jroberts@finlamtechnical.com	KZN	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: woven polyester fabrics, circular knitted polyester fabrics, specialised lamination (breathable hydrophilic membranes, PU membranes, PVC films etc, and coating, dyeing and finishing of woven fabrics. Can be used as outer and inner layers of mask

Gelvenor Textiles	<p>Thomas Adlam: 082 774 0758 tadlam@gelvenor.co.za</p> <p>Steve Fitzjohn: 066 264 4581 sfitzjohn@gelvenor.co.za</p>	KZN	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: Woven polyester fabric. Can be used for outer and inner layers of masks.</p> <p>Produce hydrophobic finish, breathable to FFP rated mask standards – with option to do anti-bacterial/ microbial finish. The fabric is durable and has been tested to keep its functionality for up to 40 washes under specific conditions equivalent to a basic disposable face mask</p>
Imraan Textiles	<p>Imraan Bux : 083 325 3243 ibux@itmkn.co.za</p> <p>Andrew Broughton: 083 3006535 bwerdna@tiscali.co.za</p>	KZN	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: woven polyester as well as poly-viscose fabrics. Can be used as inner and outer layer of masks.</p> <p>Customisable colours; minimised linting; can be easily washed without changing fabric properties.</p> <p>Materials and capacity for large volume production.</p>
Korteks Textiles	<p>Zayd Tayob: 082 900 5786 zayd@zaydtex.com</p> <p>Khabir Tayob khabir@zaydtex.com</p>	Gauteng	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: 100% polyester woven and warpknit fabrics. Can be used for outer and inner layer of a mask. The warpknit could be used as a filter</p> <p>They have equipment to treat the fabric so that it is water resistant. The warp knitted fabric is a high density net like fabric which could be used as a filter fabric and can be washed and reused easily. It has no stretch.</p>
Nu-Mym Textiles	<p>Farhaad Vally 081 352 2225 Numymtex@telkomsa.net</p>	KZN	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: 1. We can polyester, poly-cotton, cotton and poly-viscose fabrics. Can be used for inner or outer layers of mask.</p> <p>They produce 100% polyester, 65/35 poly-viscose, 100% cotton and 65/ 35 poly-cotton. They can add a blood guard, antibacterial agent and a water repellent finish</p>
Suntex	<p>Eddy Sun 082 333 3888 esun@suntex.co.za</p>	E. Cape	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: woven fabrics. Can be used for outer layer and inner layer</p> <p>Outer layer can be +- 200 gsm woven fabrics in 100% texturized polyester yarns with water repellent finish. Inner layer can be +- 70 gsm 100% texturized or non texturized polyester yarns</p>
Svenmill	<p>Brent Greenblatt: 083 995 8600 the_mill@svenmill.co.za</p>	W. Cape	Fabrics	<p>Manufacturer of: woven fabrics</p> <p>Can be used for inner and outer layers. Can supply 280cm wide fabrics, a mixture of polycotton (50:50) or 100% cotton. Fabric can be treated with anti-</p>

				bacterial nanotechnology silver proven to kill 99.99% of bacteria. Awaiting anti-viral results currently in lab testing.
Umzinto Textiles	Muhammad Paruk: 0827862623 mparuk45@outlook.com	KZN	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: woven fabrics Capable of weaving fabrics. Can do specialized finishes such as anti-microbial and anti-bacterial breathable finishes to various textiles up to a max width of 220cm .
Winelands Textiles	Peter Gaal: 082 441 2938 pgaal@winetex.co.za Juanita Wilkinson (Hextex office) jwilkinson@winetex.co.za Karen Bouwer (WC, EC) kbouwer@winetex.co.za Arif Cassim (GAUT) acassim@winetex.co.za Andrew Guy (KZN) McNair.Guy@telkomsa.net	W. Cape	Fabrics	Manufacturer of: woven fabrics. Can be used for inner or outer layer. Can supply range of polyester viscose, poly-cotton and cottons. Able to finish products with fluid resistant finishes