



1. Feedback on knowledge gained and clinical observation:
 - a. Ask the participants whether they have each completed the clinical observation exercise? (They must have completed each clinical observation by the end of the Well baby component)
 - b. Ask the participants about anything new they have learnt?
 - c. How did the practice in your hospital compare with what was taught?
 - d. Average the scores from each participant in order to assess the general compliance of your hospital. (Can be completed once all observations have been submitted).
2. Comments on videos: Ask the participants for their impressions of what they saw in the video.
3. Link to KZN tools:
 - a. Discuss the KZN tools
 - i. ENC 3 - 6 Firedrill
 - ii. Resuscitation Neonatal Unit – bagging
 - iii. Resuscitation Neonatal Unit – compressions
 - iv. Resuscitation Neonatal Unit – medication
 - v. HBB Firedrill register
 - b. Are these tools in regular use in the facility?
4. Questions:
 - a. What quality gaps regarding neonatal resuscitation in this facility have you noticed?
 - b. What are your concerns and possible solutions?
 - c. How many newborn babies have received bag mask ventilation in your hospital this month? NB It should only be 5-10% of all deliveries.
 - d. Effective newborn resuscitation takes practice. Are daily bagging skills checks and monthly ENC (HBB) firedrills occurring reliably in your hospital?
 - e. How can each participant actively engage in strengthening these skills development practices?
5. Take home messages: Ask participants what are their take home messages? Share the following if they have not been raised:
 - a. About one in every 20 newborns needs help with breathing at birth.
 - b. Poor quality care of nonbreathing newborns also contributes to high death and disability rates.
 - c. Basic resuscitation must begin within one minute of birth (The Golden Minute).
 - d. Your resuscitation skills are essential to the survival of newborns and for prevention of disabilities.
 - e. At first it can be difficult to ventilate, especially if you are tense.
 - f. A baby who has difficulty breathing may need advanced care with supplemental oxygen, other breathing support or treatment for infection.
 - g. The decision to stop when ventilation is not successful is always difficult.
 - h. Communication with the family is key.
6. Practical: Working in pairs each participant must complete the ENC1 Firedrill 3
7. Complete the knowledge check
8. Ask each participant to exchange their answers with another and mark the knowledge checks together.